



## Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact [support@jstor.org](mailto:support@jstor.org).

## AWARD OF THE LALANDE PRIZE TO PROFESSOR BARNARD.

The LALANDE prize of the Paris Academy of Sciences was awarded to Professor BARNARD on December 19, 1892, for his work in Astronomy, especially for his discovery of the fifth satellite of *Jupiter*.

E. S. H.

OBSERVATIONS OF THE NOVEMBER METEORS IN THE  
HAWAIIAN ISLANDS (GOVERNMENT SURVEY,  
HONOLULU, H. I.), JANUARY 4, 1893.

Professor EDWARD S. HOLDEN, Director LICK Observatory—

Dear Sir: It may interest some of your astronomers to know that a shower of meteors was observed here on the 23d of November last. The meteors came at about an average of one per minute from 7 to 9 P. M. It was quite cloudy and hazy, but the divergent point was somewhere near *Aries*, or about overhead at that time, and the largest part of the meteors fell toward the southeast and southwest quadrants. They were small and attracted little attention, as the weather was very cloudy all that week.

The meteors of August, 1891, were few in number but very brilliant.

Yours truly,

CURTIS J. LYONS,  
Assistant in Charge of Office.

## “ASTRONOMICAL JOURNAL PRIZES.

“A gentleman, earnestly interested in the development and progress of astronomy in his native land, has authorized the editor of this journal to offer two prizes for resident citizens of the United States.

He expresses the hope that it may be possible to offer similar prizes in subsequent years, although only two are proposed at present, the requisite amount for these having been placed at the editor's disposal.

They will be known as *Astronomical Journal Prizes*, and will be given either in money or in the form of a suitable gold medal of the value of two hundred dollars, with the remainder, if any, in money, at the option of the recipient.

The awards will be made by a commission of three judges, to be selected from American astronomers, and their names to be announced in due time.